University Policies for Faculty Promotion and Tenure

Georgia Regents University

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Glossary of Promotion and Tenure Terms

This Glossary of Promotion and Tenure Terms was adapted from University System of Georgia’s Academic Affairs Handbook. It defines the terms used in the Georgia Regents University Promotion and Tenure document. The website below contains the entire document including illustrative cases of faculty work in teaching, the various types of scholarship, and in service.

www.usg.edu/academic_affairs_handbook/docs/cases_of_faculty_work.pdf - 10k - 2010-01-12

TEACHING

Definition: Scholarly teaching is teaching that focuses on student learning and is well grounded in the sources and resources appropriate to the field. The aim of scholarly teaching is to make transparent how faculty members have made learning possible.¹

Evidence of Scholarly Teaching:
- Evidence that the faculty member reads the pedagogical literature, or attends instructional development sessions, in h/her own discipline and then branches out to the broader pedagogical literature.
- Evidence that the faculty member tries some of the teaching methods from the literature/instructional development sessions in h/her own classes.
- Evidence that the faculty member assesses whether or not h/she has been successful in increasing student learning by doing some formative evaluation with h/her students, adjusting h/her approach, asking a peer to come into the class to review the changes h/she has implemented.

SCHOLARSHIP

The Scholarship of Teaching and Learning

Definition: The Scholarship of Teaching and Learning is the “systematic examination of issues about student learning and instructional conditions which promote the learning (i.e., building on previous scholarship and shared concerns), which is subjected to blind review by peers who represent the judgment of the profession, and, after review, is disseminated to the professional community”.²

Evidence of the Scholarship of Teaching and Learning:
- Evidence that the faculty member’s scholarship in the schools or in the university classroom is public, peer reviewed and critiqued.
- Evidence that the faculty member’s scholarship is exchanged with other members of professional communities through postings on websites, presentations to h/her department or college, presentations at professional conferences, and/or written up and published.
- Evidence that the scholarship builds upon previous scholarship and shared concerns.
- Evidence that the scholarship contributes new questions and knowledge about teaching and learning.

The Scholarship of Engagement

Definition: The Scholarship of Engagement in schools is characterized by the following:
- it is to be conducted as an academic engagement with the public schools;
- it is to involve the responsible application of knowledge, theory and/or conceptual framework to consequential problems;
- it should test a research question or hypothesis;
- one must be able to use the results to improve practice and inform further questions; and
- resulting work should be available for dissemination for peer review of results.3

Evidence of the Scholarship of Engagement:
- Evidence that the faculty member designs and implements a research agenda in at least one area of need recognized by the public schools.
- Evidence that the faculty member applies relevant knowledge toward resolution of the identified need.
- Evidence that the faculty member assesses the impact of the engagement.
- Evidence that the faculty member disseminates for peer review the results of the outreach.

The Scholarship of Discovery

Definition: The Scholarship of Discovery is basic research in the disciplines including the creative work of faculty in the literary, visual, and performing arts. It is the “pursuit of knowledge for its own sake, a fierce determination to give free rein to fair and honest inquiry, wherever it may lead” 3 It contributes to the stock of human knowledge in the academic disciplines.

Evidence of the Scholarship of Discovery:
- Evidence that the faculty member’s research is innovative (as opposed to routine) as judged by peers at the institution and elsewhere.
- Evidence that the faculty member’s research represents quality, rather than mere quantity.
- Evidence of the faculty member’s publications in high quality refereed journals and the quality and quantity of citations and reprints of his/her research publications. If appropriate for the discipline, evidence of the ability to attract extramural funding.
- Evidence of invited seminars and presentations (abstracts), if travel funds are provided, are also an indication of the Scholarship of Discovery.

SERVICE

Definition: Service is outreach or engagement by higher education faculty for the purpose of contributing to the public good. Contributions to the public good may include faculty work that contributes to solutions to complex societal problems, to the quality of life of Georgia’s citizens, and to the advancement of public higher education. In the case of service to the public schools, the intent should be for the improvement of teaching quality and student learning. The following activities might be included in work with the schools: involvement in Learning Communities, workshops given based on need, collaborative development of courses, unit writing for the new Georgia Performance Standards, design of field experiences to support existing courses, engagement in co-observation / vertical alignment, etc.

Evidence of Service:
- Evidence that the faculty member links his/her work in some way to public contemporary issues and/or to improving the quality of life.
- Evidence that the faculty member, either through his/her scholarly work and/or service, applies his/her knowledge toward solutions to complex societal problems and human needs.
- Evidence that the faculty member contributes to the continuous improvement of public higher education.
- Evidence that the faculty member contributes in some way to the public good.
REFERENCES


Promotion and Tenure Guidelines

These guidelines are intended to assist the individual faculty member, the chairperson, dean and the promotion and tenure committee members in: (i) selecting the appropriate pathway and track for their appointment, (ii) developing a personal career development plan, (iii) assessing the faculty member’s readiness to be considered for promotion, and (iv) preparing the promotion document. Each College has its own guidelines for promotion and tenure aligned with this document that are more specific to the discipline.

An overview of the promotion and tenure processes is outlined in Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

As required by University System of Georgia (USG) Policies, Georgia Regents University (GRU) sets forth the following guidelines for the award of promotion and tenure for tenure track faculty. These guidelines specify three areas of assessment:

1. Scholarship
2. Teaching
3. Service

It is expected that faculty will contribute substantially in all three of these areas. Exemplary contributions in at least one of the first two areas must be made for non-tenure track faculty and in both of the first two areas for tenure track faculty. It is expected that all faculty engage in professional development that will enhance their scholarship, teaching and service responsibilities. General expectations for each of these areas are presented below.

While there is no standard workload assignment across the institution, faculty workload assignment is usually a mix of time assigned to scholarship (including research and creative activity), teaching, and service. It is recognized that a comprehensive university will have faculty with varied areas of expertise and responsibilities and, therefore, the percent of effort in each of these areas will not be consistent within or across units. The evidence put forth by the candidate will be assessed in terms of the candidate’s chair-assigned effort distribution in these areas.

Discipline-specific criteria for appointment, promotion and tenure must be generated and consistently applied at the level of the appointment unit and must fit a unit's particular mission within the broader institution. The promotion and tenure guidelines for the various colleges in Georgia Regents University may contain more specific criteria as long as these criteria are consistent with discipline specific norms in each area as well as with these university-wide guidelines. Assessment of scholarly and professional service contributions should be sensitive to the specific norms proper to the given candidate’s field or fields of inquiry and creativity. Colleges should strive to generate fair, discipline-sensitive assessment guidelines; while, Promotion and Tenure Committee Members should strive to understand the specific norms of scholarly contribution for that candidate’s disciplinary area(s), and therein assess accordingly. At the University level, the criteria for appointment, promotion and tenure follow from these three areas of primary faculty responsibilities and the criteria are described here in general terms. The development of promotion criteria and the process for promotion for Adjunct Faculty will rest with the college.
The lists of faculty eligible for promotion are generated by HR-Faculty Affairs and are sent to the Deans of the individual Colleges. The Dean distributes the list of candidates to the appropriate departments. The department chair, library director or his/her designee informs the faculty member. The faculty member makes the decision to pursue promotion. The faculty member has the right and is encouraged to discuss this decision with his/her chair or designee before making a decision to submit a portfolio for consideration. Appeal of the recommended decision may be made by the candidate at each level of the process.
Tenure Process for Georgia Regents University

The lists of faculty eligible for tenure are generated by HR-Faculty Affairs and are sent to the Deans of the individual Colleges. The Dean distributes the list of candidates to the appropriate departments. The department chair, library director, or his/her designee informs the faculty member. The faculty member makes the decision to pursue tenure. The faculty member has the right and is encouraged to discuss this decision with his/her chair or designee before making a decision to submit a portfolio for consideration. Appeal of the recommended decision may be made by the candidate at each level of the process.

Diagram:

1. Departmental Committee
   Makes recommendations

2. Chair/Library Director/Designee
   Makes recommendations

3. College P&T Committee
   Makes recommendations

4. Dean
   Makes recommendations

5. University P&T Committee
   Makes recommendations

6. Provost
   Makes recommendations

7. President
Promotion

General Criteria and Expectations for Promotion

There are two tracks for promotion: Tenure Track and Non-Tenure Track. Time in rank for promotion is equal to or greater than the minimum time given below, as described in the USG Academic and Student Affairs Handbook, 4.5 Award of Promotion:

http://www.usg.edu/academic_affairs_handbook/section4/C689

Years of service for promotion and tenure purposes are based on a July 1 to June 30 fiscal year. Faculty hired between July 1 and October 1 will be credited with a year of service on the next July 1. Those hired after October 1 will begin their first year of credited service the following July 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Promotion to</th>
<th>Minimum Service in Rank*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assistant Professor</td>
<td>3 years as Instructor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Professor</td>
<td>4 years as Assistant Professor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professor</td>
<td>5 years as Associate Professor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Lecturer</td>
<td>2 years as Lecturer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*As of the effective promotion date

Achieving years of service in rank is not sole justification for promotion. Part-time appointments do not count towards the minimum time requirement. If a faculty member moves between tracks, only years of service that are negotiated at the time of the move may be counted toward probationary credit towards promotion.

A candidate for promotion who is on the non-tenure track, has a choice of being exemplary in either Teaching or Scholarship with substantial contributions in the other, as well as in Service. The area of exemplary focus should be aligned with the candidate’s effort reporting.

A candidate for promotion who is on the tenure track, must be exemplary in both Teaching and Scholarship with substantial contributions in Service.

I. Expectations for Scholarship.

A. Scholarly Engagement.

1. Promotion to Senior Lecturer from Lecturer. A candidate for promotion to Senior Lecturer is on the non-tenure track and must be exemplary in Teaching with substantial contributions in Scholarly Activity as well as Service (Senior Lecturer is the culmination of this track).

2. Promotion to Assistant Professor from Instructor.

a. Non-tenure track candidates for Assistant Professor. A candidate for promotion to Assistant Professor who is on the non-tenure track, has a choice of being exemplary in either Scholarship or Teaching (see Teaching section) with substantial contributions in the other as well as Service. The area of exemplary engagement in the promotion portfolio should be consistent with reported effort.
To demonstrate exemplary scholarship, s/he should be on a trajectory of local and regional scholastic development. Further, the candidate should follow the expected criteria for Assistant Professor on the tenure track.

To demonstrate substantial scholarship, the candidate for promotion to Assistant Professor must show that s/he has undertaken a research agenda and is making reasonable progress on that agenda. S/he should be making progress toward publication, or other forms of scholarship, especially in fields where publication of scholarly work is not a mainstream method of dissemination.

b. **Tenure track candidates for Assistant Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Assistant Professor on the tenure track should be exemplary in both Scholarship and Teaching, with substantial contributions in Service. Therefore, the candidate should be on a trajectory of local and regional scholastic development. S/he should have grown in his or her participation in scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors with new dissemination of his or her work through publications or other peer reviewed outlets at an exemplary level. While the emphasis of the evaluation of a candidate’s contributions in the area of scholarship is based upon the dissemination of the individual’s scholarly work, consideration will be given to other forms of scholarship as well, especially in fields where publication of scholarly work is not a mainstream method of dissemination.

In order for scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors to be designated as exemplary, the candidate for Assistant Professor must have demonstrated that s/he has is becoming a scholar and/or artist within his or her appropriate discipline. Scholarship—whether of a creative nature or more traditional publications—must be of high quality appropriate to his or her college and professional affiliation. GRU expects its faculty members to establish a role in scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors. Candidates are also encouraged to collaborate; each individual should make original contributions to collaborative processes.

Scholarly evidence consistent with USG 4.7.2 and BOR 8.3.15 may also apply in this area for all candidates for Assistant Professor, whether or not they are on tenure track. GRU values all types of faculty scholarship, including the Scholarship of Discovery, the Scholarship of Teaching and Learning, and the Scholarship of Engagement (see Glossary of Promotion and Tenure Terms).

2. **Promotion to Associate Professor from Assistant Professor.**

   a. **Non-tenure track candidates for Associate Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Associate Professor who is on the non-tenure track, has a choice of being exemplary in either Scholarship or Teaching (see Teaching section) with substantial contributions in the other as well as Service. The area of exemplary engagement in the promotion portfolio should be consistent with reported effort.

   To demonstrate exemplary scholarship, s/he should be on a trajectory of regional and national scholastic development. Further, the candidate should follow the expected criteria for Associate Professor on the tenure track.

   To demonstrate substantial scholarship, the candidate for promotion to Associate Professor must show that s/he has undertaken an important research agenda and is making reasonable progress on that agenda. S/he should be making progress toward publication, or other forms of scholarship, especially in fields where publication of scholarly work is not a mainstream method of dissemination.
b. **Tenure track candidates for Associate Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Associate Professor on the tenure track should be exemplary in both Scholarship and Teaching with substantial contributions in Service. A candidate for promotion to Associate Professor who is on the tenure track or is tenured should be on a trajectory of regional and national scholastic development. S/he should have made progress toward this goal since the last promotion or time of hire. S/he should have grown in his or her participation in scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors with new dissemination of his or her work through publications or other peer reviewed outlets at an exemplary level. While the emphasis of the evaluation of a candidate’s contributions in the area of scholarship is based upon the dissemination of the individual’s scholarly work, consideration will be given to other forms of scholarship as well, especially in fields where publication of scholarly work is not a mainstream method of dissemination.

In order for scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors to be designated as exemplary, the candidate for Associate Professor must have demonstrated that s/he has grown from the time of the last promotion or time of hire in scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavor within his or her appropriate discipline. Scholarship—whether of a creative nature or more traditional publications and grantsmanship, as appropriate to the discipline—must be of high quality appropriate to his or her college and professional affiliation. GRU expects its faculty members to establish a lead role in scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors. Candidates are also encouraged to collaborate; each individual should make original contributions to collaborative processes.

Scholarly evidence consistent with USG 4.7.2 and BOR 8.3.15 may also apply in this area for all candidates for Associate Professor, whether or not on tenure track. GRU values all types of faculty scholarship, including the Scholarship of Discovery, the Scholarship of Teaching and Learning, and the Scholarship of Engagement (see Glossary of Promotion and Tenure Terms).

**Promotion to Professor from Associate Professor.**

a. **Non-tenure track candidates for Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Professor who is on the non-tenure track, has a choice of being exemplary in either Teaching or Scholarship with substantial contributions in the other as well as Service. The area of exemplary engagement in the promotion portfolio should be consistent with reported effort.

To demonstrate exemplary scholarship, s/he should be on a trajectory of national and international scholastic development. Further, the candidate should follow the expected criteria for Professor on the tenure track.

To demonstrate substantial scholarship, the candidate for promotion to Professor must show that s/he has undertaken an important research agenda, including grantsmanship, and is making good progress on that agenda. S/he should be making progress toward publication, or other forms of scholarship, especially in fields where publication of scholarly work is not a mainstream method of dissemination.

b. **Tenure track candidates for Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Professor, on the tenure track, should be exemplary in both Scholarship and Teaching with substantial contributions in Service. Therefore, a candidate for promotion to Professor must have a sustained record of publication in high quality, refereed professional journals; publication of a monograph with a peer reviewed, national or international academic press; or creative endeavors that have peer recognition and have reached a national or international audience during the period of time since his or her last promotion or time of hire.
This record must be consistent with the norms for excellence associated with the faculty member’s college and professional affiliation. The candidate for full Professor shall be engaged in a leadership role for grant writing activities as appropriate to the discipline. In addition, it is expected that the candidate will be professionally engaged and has disseminated his or her scholarship at national and international conferences on a consistent basis since promotion to Associate Professor. In general, a candidate for promotion to full Professor should be able to easily demonstrate that his or her work has had an impact in his or her academic discipline and that s/he possesses the promise of continued achievement in scholarship or creative endeavors.

Scholarly evidence consistent with USG 4.7.2 and BOR 8.3.15 may also apply in this area. GRU values all types of faculty scholarship, including the Scholarship of Discovery, the Scholarship of Teaching and Learning, and the Scholarship of Engagement (see Glossary of Promotion and Tenure Terms).

**B. Forms of Evidence.** The candidate will produce a portfolio, discussed below, that demonstrates s/he has met the criteria for promotion. The portfolio contents should be limited to the time in current rank. Evidence, which should be listed by calendar years with the most recent year first, may include but is not limited to the following:

- A list of all of the faculty member’s publications that explicitly designates peer-review from others.
- A list of creative endeavors and activities including art exhibitions, professional poetry recitals, theatrical, dance, or music performances, etc.
- A list of all funded research activities.
- A list of all grants, fellowships, and scholarships, as appropriate to the discipline, with funding amounts and time period during which funding was active.
- A list of faculty member’s involvement in scholarly, research and creative products of his/her undergraduate, graduate, post-doctoral students and/or residents and other trainees, including but not limited to, conference presentations, publications, and like creative activities.
- A list of invited seminars and presentations.
- A list of refereed conference presentations.
- A list of refereed conference presentations.
- Scholarship of Teaching and Learning, and the Scholarship of Engagement.
- Any evidence consistent with USG 4.7.2: The Scholarship of Discovery.
- Letters from peers and academic leaders of the same or higher rank for which the faculty member is applying. See portfolio guidelines to determine the number of letters needed.
- A list of invitations to seminars and presentations.
- Any other evidence that highlights peer’s recognition of the quality and sustainable contributions of the faculty member’s scholarship in the field.

**II. Expectations for Teaching.**

**A. Teaching Engagement.** GRU expects faculty to communicate information, ideas and values by using teaching methods and techniques that recognize a variety of learning styles, cultural backgrounds, and instructional settings. Instructional and curricular innovation is encouraged, as faculty should provide ways for students to become actively engaged in the work of the discipline. Recognizing that much learning goes on
outside of the classroom, faculty should also be effective and skillful formal and informal advisors to students. Where applicable, faculty should provide educational depth and breadth of opportunities in the clinic, the laboratory, or other hands-on learning environment.

In order for teaching to be designated as exemplary, the candidate must have demonstrated that s/he is an accomplished teacher. Specific expectations concerning exemplary teaching at GRU include knowledge of the subject matter, planning and communication of curriculum, supervision of students when applicable, creation of learning environments, fostering of student development and engagement, availability and receptivity to students, and fair evaluation of student performance.

1. **Knowledge of the Subject Matter**. An exemplary teacher will have a command of the subject, demonstrating breadth and depth of knowledge, and will remain current on developments in the field.

2. **Planning and Communication of Curriculum**. An exemplary teacher will be effective in organizing the study of the subject, including defining student learning outcomes and instructional objectives, being well prepared for each class, developing appropriate syllabi and materials, covering material consistently and deliberately with good organizational planning, and structuring classroom discussions in a manner that facilitates learning. An exemplary teacher will stay abreast of new technology and innovation in teaching practices and be familiar with pedagogical tools. Faculty will be diligent in meeting teaching obligations, including generally beginning and ending class on time; submitting grades on time; canceling classes only when necessary due to academic or professional conflicts, religious holidays, illness, or other exigent circumstances; and scheduling make-up classes or by other pedagogical means compensating for missed class time.

3. **Supervision of Students, where applicable**. An exemplary teacher fosters student accomplishment of objectives (services, procedures, or apprenticeships) while, in addition, encouraging critical thinking and analysis.

4. **Creation of Engaging Learning Environments**. An exemplary teacher will create a classroom, laboratory or clinical environment that is conducive to learning and motivates students to learn. S/he will make effective use of different teaching methods and technology as appropriate. Further, the faculty member should be organized and an effective and clear communicator in conveying concepts through content delivery, questioning, and moderation of student discussion, as appropriate.

5. **Fostering of Student Development and Engagement**. An exemplary teacher will foster student engagement in the learning environment, stimulating critical analysis by students.

6. **Availability and receptivity to Students**. An exemplary teacher will be reasonably available to students, including being receptive to student questions, maintaining regular office hours, offering advice to students on academic and professional matters, and reviewing student work product in a timely manner.

7. **Fair Evaluation of Student Performance**. An exemplary teacher will fairly assess student performance including, when appropriate, creating appropriate examinations; developing guidelines for student papers or presentations; impartially grading student examinations, papers, or presentations; or creating and using appropriate tools for reviewing and evaluating areas of clinical performance, and professional responsibility.

1. **Promotion to Senior Lecturer from Lecturer**. A candidate for promotion to Senior Lecturer is on the non-tenure track and must be exemplary in Teaching with substantial contributions in Scholarly Activity as well as Service (Senior Lecturer is the culmination of this track).
2. **Promotion to Assistant Professor from Instructor.**

   a. **Non-tenure track candidates for Assistant Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Assistant Professor who is on the non-tenure track, has a choice of being exemplary in either Teaching or Scholarship with substantial contributions in the other as well as Service. The area of exemplary engagement in the promotion portfolio should be consistent with reported effort.

   To demonstrate exemplary teaching, GRU expects the candidate for Assistant Professor to demonstrate excellence in teaching, a regular program of assessment of his or her teaching, and not only to be abreast of new techniques in the literature but to also share those ideas with the campus community.

   b. **Tenure track candidates for Assistant Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Assistant Professor, on the tenure track, should be exemplary in both Teaching and Scholarship with substantial contributions in Service.

   To demonstrate exemplary teaching, GRU expects the candidate for Assistant Professor to demonstrate excellence in teaching, a regular program of assessment of his or her teaching, and not only to be abreast of new techniques in the literature but to also share those ideas with the campus community. Further, the candidate should follow the expected criteria for Assistant Professor on the tenure track.

3. **Promotion to Associate Professor from Assistant Professor.**

   a. **Non-tenure track candidates for Associate Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Associate Professor who is on the non-tenure track, has a choice of being exemplary in either Teaching or Scholarship with substantial contributions in the other as well as Service. The area of exemplary engagement in the promotion portfolio should be consistent with reported effort.

   To demonstrate exemplary teaching, GRU expects the candidate for Associate Professor to have a commitment to excellence in teaching, a regular program of assessment of his or her teaching, and not only to be abreast of new techniques in the literature but to also share those ideas with the campus community.

   b. **Tenure track candidates for Associate Professor.** Candidates for Associate Professor will demonstrate exemplary Teaching and Scholarship. GRU expects candidates for Associate Professor to have a sustained commitment to excellence in teaching.

   To demonstrate exemplary teaching, GRU expects the candidate for Associate Professor to have a commitment to excellence in teaching, a regular program of assessment of his or her teaching, and not only to be abreast of new techniques in the literature but to also share those ideas with the campus community. Further, the candidate should follow the expected criteria for Associate Professor on the tenure track.

4. **Promotion to Professor from Associate Professor.**

   a. **Non-tenure track candidates for Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Professor who is on the non-tenure track, has a choice of being exemplary in either Teaching or Scholarship with substantial contributions in the other as well as Service. The area of exemplary engagement in the promotion portfolio should be consistent with reported effort.
To demonstrate exemplary teaching, GRU expects the candidate for Professor to have a sustained commitment to excellence in teaching, a regular program of assessment of his or her teaching, and not only to be abreast of new techniques in the literature but to also share those ideas with the campus community.

Instructional and curricular innovation is encouraged, as faculty should provide ways for students to become actively engaged in the work of the discipline. Recognizing that much learning goes on outside of the classroom, faculty should also be effective and skillful formal and informal advisors to students. Where applicable, faculty should provide educational depth and breadth of opportunities in the clinic, the laboratory, or other hands-on learning environment.

**b. Tenure track candidates for Professor.** A candidate for promotion to Professor who is tenured or on a tenure track should be exemplary in both Teaching and Scholarship with substantial contributions in Service.

To demonstrate exemplary teaching, GRU expects the candidate for Professor to have a sustained commitment to excellence in teaching, a regular program of assessment of his or her teaching, and not only to be abreast of new techniques in the literature but to also share those ideas with the campus community. Further, the candidate should follow the expected criteria for Professor on the tenure track.

**B. Forms of Evidence.** The candidate for promotion will produce a portfolio, discussed below, that demonstrates s/he has met the criteria for promotion. Evidence in the portfolio should be limited to the time period while in the current rank at GRU. Evidence may include but is not limited to the following:

- Course evaluations of all classes and other teaching forums from the past 5 years. If only advising graduate student projects or residents, the candidate should include letters from 5 residents, graduate students, advisees, etc.
- Evidence of peer review, including letters from peers that have observed the candidate teaching.
- Evidence that the faculty member assesses whether or not s/he has been successful in increasing student learning outcomes.
- Students’ performances on standardized examinations pertinent to the discipline.
- Students’ performances in subsequent courses.
- Any other evidence that reflects excellence in these components.

**III. Expectations for Service**

Faculty members are expected to participate in their communities and professional organizations or institutions, especially when performed in a manner that draws upon the professional expertise of the faculty member and does not significantly impinge on the faculty’s ability to fulfill his/her scholarly and teaching duties.

**A. Service Engagement.**

1. **Promotion to Senior Lecturer from Lecturer.** All candidates for promotion to Senior Lecturer should demonstrate substantial service to their department.
2. **Promotion to Assistant Professor from Instructor, regardless of track.** All candidates for promotion to Assistant Professor should demonstrate substantial service to their department and college.

3. **Promotion to Associate Professor from Assistant Professor, regardless of track.** All candidates for promotion to Associate Professor should demonstrate substantial service to their department, college, university and profession.

4. **Promotion to Full Professor from Associate Professor, regardless of track.** All candidates for promotion to Professor should demonstrate a sustained record of substantial service to their department, college, university, and profession.

**B. Forms of Evidence.** The candidate for promotion will produce a portfolio, discussed below, that demonstrates s/he has met the criteria for promotion. Evidence in the portfolio should be limited to the time period since appointment or the last promotion. Evidence may include but is not limited to the following:

- A list of international, national, or regional professional committees, including any offices held.
- A list of college, and department, college, university and professional committees, organized by level.
- Evidence that the faculty member links his or her work in some way to public contemporary issues and/or to improving quality of life.
- Evidence that the faculty member, either through scholarly work and/or service, applies knowledge toward solutions to complex societal problems and human needs.
- Evidence that the faculty member contributes to the continuous improvement of higher education.
- Evidence that the faculty member contributes in some way to the public good.
- Evidence that the faculty member has served his or her profession through professional organizations and/or other professionally oriented entities.
- Evidence that the faculty member has participated in clinical patient care, when appropriate.
Tenure

Tenure may be granted to those eligible faculty members whose professional accomplishments indicate that they will continue to serve with distinction in their appointed roles and uphold the strategic goals and mission of the university. Eligibility is determined by BOR 8.3.7.4 “Award of Tenure”. The criteria for tenure and the criteria for promotion are similar, but not identical.

Tenure is awarded to those who are appointed to a tenure-track faculty position, and who demonstrate exemplary scholarship, exemplary teaching, and substantial service. The award of tenure is based on the achievement of distinction in an area of learning and the prediction of continued distinction throughout the individual’s professional career. GRU will not confer tenure unless the instructional faculty member achieves or demonstrates strong promise of achieving promotion in rank.

Tenure may be awarded, upon approval of the president, upon completion of a probationary period of at least five (5) years, and no more than seven (7) years, of full-time service at the rank of assistant professor or higher (BoR Minutes, August 2007).

A maximum of three (3) years’ credit toward the minimum probationary period may be allowed for service in tenure track positions at other institutions or for full-time service at the rank of instructor or lecturer at the same institution. Such credit for prior service shall be approved in writing by the president at the time of the initial appointment at the rank of assistant professor or higher.

In exceptional cases an institution president may approve an outstanding distinguished senior faculty member for the award of tenure upon the faculty member’s initial appointment; such action is otherwise referred to as tenure upon appointment. Each such recommendation shall be granted only in cases in which the faculty member, at a minimum, is appointed as an associate or full professor, was already tenured at a prior institution, and brings a demonstrably national reputation to the institution. If the person is being appointed to an administrative position and has not previously held tenure, the award of tenure must be approved by the Chancellor (BoR Minutes, August 2007).

Extension of Probationary Tenure Periods

A faculty member may request a one-year extension of the probationary period in situations that are qualifying events under the Family and Medical Leave Act, but which do not necessarily result in the faculty member taking a formal leave of absence. Examples of such events include an extended illness, disability, childbirth, adoption of a child, death of an immediate family member, or extended care of an ill child or immediate family member. Extensions of the probationary term will be limited to no more than a total of two years. Requests for extensions of time shall be reviewed and approved by the Dean before submission to the Provost for final consideration. The following written information will be provided by the faculty member:

- date of appointment;
- terminal tenure year decision;
- reason for requesting an extension;
- date of the qualifying event(s);
- explanation of how the nature of the event(s) substantially burdened (or will burden) progress to tenure;
- outline of the specific work for which progress has been (or will be) hampered;
- copy of the curriculum vita.

A faculty member should apply for an extension as soon as it becomes clear that an extenuating circumstance has substantially impeded (or will impede) progress toward tenure in specific ways. Such requests normally
shall be made within three months of the extenuating event. Requests for an extension should not be made prematurely on the basis of speculation about how a coming event might affect progress toward tenure.

Procedures: In addition to the written information provided by the faculty member clearly addressing the seven items listed above, all requests must include a letter of support from the faculty member's Department Head/Director (as applicable) and Dean.

**General Criteria and Expectations for Tenure**

**I. Expectations for Scholarship.**

A. **Scholarly Engagement.** Candidates for tenure should be on a trajectory of national and international development. GRU expects that its faculty members will participate in scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors and will disseminate their work through publications or other peer reviewed outlets at an exemplary level. While the emphasis of the evaluation of a candidate’s contributions in the area of scholarship is based upon the dissemination of the individual’s scholarly work, consideration will be given to other forms of scholarship as well. This is especially true in fields where publication of scholarly work is not a mainstream method of dissemination.

In order for scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors to be designated as exemplary, the candidate for tenure must have demonstrated that s/he is an accomplished scholar and/or artist within his or her appropriate discipline. Scholarship—whether of a creative nature or more traditional publications—must be of high quality appropriate to his or her college and professional affiliation. GRU expects its faculty members to establish a lead role in scholarship, research, and/or creative endeavors. Candidates are also encouraged to collaborate; each individual should make original contributions to collaborative processes.

Scholarly evidence consistent with [USG 4.7.2](#) and [BOR 8.3.15](#) may also apply in this area. GRU values all types of faculty scholarship, including the Scholarship of Discovery, the Scholarship of Teaching and Learning, and the Scholarship of Engagement.

B. **Forms of Evidence.** The candidate for tenure will produce a portfolio, discussed below, that demonstrates that s/he has met the criteria for tenure. The portfolio contents should be limited to the time period while on tenure track at GRU. Evidence which should be listed by calendar years with the most recent year first, may include but is not limited to the following:

- A list of all of the faculty member’s publications that explicitly designates peer-review from others.
- A list of creative endeavors and activities including art exhibitions, professional poetry recitals, theatrical, dance, or music performances, etc.
- A list of all funded research activities.
- A list of all grants, fellowships, and scholarships, as appropriate to the discipline, with funding amounts and time period during which funding was active.
- A list of faculty member’s involvement in the scholarly, research and creative products of his/her undergraduate, graduate, post-doctoral students and/or residents and other trainees, including but not limited to, conference presentations, publications, and like creative activities.
- A list of invited seminars and presentations.
• A list of refereed conference presentations.
• Scholarship of Teaching and Learning, and the Scholarship of Engagement.
• Any evidence consistent with USG 4.7.2: The Scholarship of Discovery.
• Letters from external (non-GRU) peers and academic leaders of the same or higher rank and tenure as that which the faculty is applying to.
• Copies of significant publications by the faculty member.
• Any other evidence that highlights peer’s recognition of the quality and sustainable contributions of the faculty member’s scholarship in the field.

II. Expectations for Teaching.

A. Teaching Engagement. Candidates for tenure will demonstrate exemplary teaching. GRU expects faculty to communicate information, ideas and values by using teaching methods and techniques that recognize a variety of learning styles, cultural backgrounds, and instructional settings. Instructional and curricular innovation is encouraged, as faculty should provide ways for students to become actively engaged in the work of the discipline. Recognizing that much learning goes on outside of the classroom, faculty members should also be effective and skillful advisors to students. Where applicable, faculty should provide educational depth and breadth of opportunities in the clinic, the laboratory, or other hands-on learning environments.

In order for teaching to be designated as exemplary, the candidate must have demonstrated that s/he is an accomplished teacher. Specific expectations concerning exemplary teaching at GRU include knowledge of the subject matter, planning and communication of curriculum, supervision of clinical casework of students when applicable, creation of learning environments, fostering of student development and engagement, receptivity of and availability to students, fair evaluation of student performance, and innovation in educational delivery.

1. Knowledge of the Subject Matter. An exemplary teacher will have a command of the subject, demonstrating breadth and depth of knowledge, and will remain current on developments in the field.

2. Planning and Communication of Curriculum. An exemplary teacher will be effective in organizing the study of the subject, including defining student learning outcomes and instructional objectives, being well prepared for each class, constructing appropriate syllabi and materials, covering material consistently and deliberately with good organizational planning, and structuring classroom discussions in a manner that facilitates learning. An exemplary teacher will stay abreast of new technology and innovation in teaching practices and be familiar with pedagogical tools. Faculty will be diligent in meeting teaching obligations, including generally beginning and ending class on time; submitting grades on time; canceling classes only when necessary due to academic or professional conflicts, religious holidays, illness, or other exigent circumstances; and scheduling make-up classes or by other pedagogical means compensating for missed class time.

3. Supervision of Students, where applicable. An exemplary teacher fosters student accomplishment of objectives (services, procedures, or apprenticeships) while, in addition, encouraging critical thinking and analysis.

4. Creation of Engaging Learning Environments. An exemplary teacher will create a classroom, laboratory or clinical environment that is conducive to learning and motivates students to learn. S/he will make effective use of different teaching methods and technologies as appropriate. Further, the faculty member
should be organized and an effective and a clear communicator in conveying concepts through content delivery, questioning, and moderation of student discussion, as appropriate.

5. **Fostering of Student Development and Engagement.** An exemplary teacher will foster student engagement in the learning environment, stimulating critical thinking and analysis by students.

6. **Availability and receptivity to Students.** An exemplary teacher will be reasonably available to students, including being receptive to student questions, maintaining regular office hours, offering advice to students on academic and professional matters, and reviewing student’s work products in a timely manner.

7. **Fair Evaluation of Student Performance.** An exemplary teacher will assess student performance fairly, including when appropriate, creating appropriate examinations; developing guidelines for student papers or presentations; impartially grading student examinations, papers, or presentations; or creating and using appropriate tools for reviewing and evaluating areas of clinical performance, and professional responsibility.

**B. Forms of Evidence.** The candidate for tenure will produce a portfolio, discussed below, that demonstrates s/he has met the criteria for tenure. Evidence in the portfolio should be limited to the time period while on tenure track at GRU including years of credit toward tenure. Evidence may include but is not limited to the following:

- Course evaluations of all classes and other teaching forums from the past 5 years. If only advising graduate student projects or residents, the candidate should include letters from 5 residents, graduate students, advisees, etc.
- Evidence of peer review, including letters from peers that have observed the candidate teaching.
- Evidence that the faculty member assesses whether or not s/he has been successful in increasing student learning outcomes.
- Student’s performances on standardized examinations pertinent to the discipline.
- Student’s performances in subsequent courses.
- Any other evidence that reflects excellence in these components.

**III. Expectations for Service**

**A. Service Engagement.** Candidates for tenure will demonstrate substantial service. Faculty members at GRU are also members of the university community and of communities beyond the institutional boundaries to which they have responsibilities. To be tenured, the candidate must have provided substantial service, including clinical service, as appropriate to the University, the profession, and the community.

There are basic expectations of faculty involvement, including service to the institution. Faculty members are expected to participate in their communities and professional organizations and especially in service activities that draw upon the professional expertise of the faculty member.

**B. Forms of Evidence.** The candidate for tenure will produce a portfolio, discussed below, that demonstrates s/he has met the criteria for tenure. Evidence in the portfolio should be limited to the time period while on tenure track at GRU, including years of credit toward tenure. Evidence may include but is not limited to the following:
• A list of international, national, or regional professional committees, including any offices held.
• A list of USG, GRU, college, and department committees, organized by level, indicating leadership roles.
• Evidence that the faculty member links his or her work in some way to public contemporary issues and/or to improving quality of life.
• Evidence that the faculty member, either through scholarly work and/or service, applies knowledge toward solutions to complex societal problems and human needs.
• Evidence that the faculty member contributes to the continuous improvement of higher education.
• Evidence that the faculty member contributes in some way to the public good.
• Evidence that the faculty member has served his or her profession through professional organizations and/or other professionally oriented entities.
• Evidence that the faculty member has participated in clinical patient care, when appropriate.
Promotion and Tenure Committee Guidelines

Promotion and Tenure (P&T) committee chairs at each level (department, college and university) will provide a one-page written summary of each committee recommendation for promotion or tenure. The summary will address teaching, scholarship, and service. This summary will be added to the P&T portfolio as it moves to the next level of review.

Committee Membership
No individual can serve on more than one P&T Committee at different levels (department, college, university). For the purpose of this document the library will be considered as a college and the library director as a dean. No faculty member in a position at or above the level of department chair shall serve on any P&T Committee. Any faculty member with responsibility for directly supervising the candidate shall not be present or participate in any manner in the discussion of the candidate including not voting. All committee members shall adhere to the Georgia Regents University (GRU) Individual Conflicts of Interest Policy: http://policy.georgiahealth.edu/2010/09/23/individual-conflicts-of-interest-policy/

University Senate P&T Committee
1) The policies and procedures (i.e., term limits, quorum rules, membership, voting procedures, etc.) of the University Senate P&T Committee must be approved by the University President, published in the institutional policy library and be readily available to faculty, and be reviewed at least every 3 years.
2) Each college that has a P&T committee (see below) will have one representative on the University Senate P&T Committee. The college representative will be elected by the full-time faculty of that College.
3) Term limits for University Senate P&T committee membership will be three years. Approximately one-third of University Senate P&T Committee membership will be appointed each year. Initial committee members will be appointed to one-, two- or three-year terms. Initial term length will be determined by lot. Members may not serve consecutive terms, except those who were initially appointed to a one-year term.
4) All members of the University Senate P&T Committee will have full-time faculty appointments, be tenured, and hold the rank of Associate Professor or above.
5) A quorum will consist of 75% of those eligible to vote who must be physically or real-time virtually present at the meeting. A 60% majority vote of those present physically and real-time virtually will be required to pass a motion to promote or to tenure. Since the vote required is 60% of the members present, an abstention will have the same effect as a no vote.
6) Duties of the committee include reviewing all prior recommendations for due process and adherence to each unit’s published guidelines. If the committee finds evidence of a violation in due process or inconsistencies in adherence to unit or university guidelines, the committee recommendation shall be accompanied with a detailed explanation.
7) Appeals of the College P&T committee decisions are to be made in accordance with the GRU P&T appeals procedures.

College P&T Committees
1. Each college will establish a standing P&T Committee consisting of 7, 9 or 11 members. This committee shall be known as the “Promotion and Tenure Committee” of that college. The policies and procedures (i.e., term limits, quorum rules, membership, voting procedures, etc.) of College P&T
Committee shall be established by each College. These policies and procedures must be approved by the College Dean and the University Provost, be published in the institutional policy library and be readily available to faculty, and be reviewed at least every 3 years.

2. At least 5 members of the committee must be tenured. The specific number of members (7, 9 or 11) on each College P&T committee will be established by the college. Four, five or six members, respectively, of the committee will first be elected by the college faculty and the remaining 3, 4, or 5, respectively, will then be appointed by the college Dean. Exceptions to this committee membership policy may be appealed by the Dean to the Provost. The Provost will review college/library committee membership annually.
   a. In departmentalized colleges, membership on this committee should be proportionally representative of the departments with at least one member from each department in colleges with 5 or fewer departments and no more than two members from any single department in colleges with 6 or more departments.
   b. Approximately one-third of committee membership will be elected/appointed each year. Initial committee members will be elected/appointed to one-, two- or three-year terms. Initial terms will be determined by lot. Members may not serve consecutive terms, except those who were initially appointed to a one-year term.
   c. All members of the College P&T Committee will have full-time faculty appointments and will hold rank of Associate Professor or above. At least 5 members of the committee must be tenured.

3. All committee members vote on promotion decisions. Only tenured members of the committee shall vote on tenure decisions. A minimum of 5 tenured individuals on the committee are required for a vote on tenure.

4. A quorum will consist of 75% of those eligible to vote who must be physically or real-time virtually present at the meeting. A 60% majority vote of those present physically and real-time virtually will be required to pass a motion to promote or to tenure. Since the vote required is 60% of the members present, an abstention will have the same effect as a no vote.

5. In the event that a sufficient number of qualifying faculty is not available in the college, faculty outside the college shall be appointed by the Dean to serve on the College P&T Committee.
   a. In the event that sufficient qualified members are not available in a college for service on the College P&T Committee, members from other colleges must be appointed. The manner in which outside members are elected to the committee must be specified in the college governance documentation.
   b. In the event that 5 tenured faculty members are not available within a college to make tenure decisions, tenured members outside of the college shall be appointed. The manner in which outside members are appointed to the committee must be specified in the college governance documentation.
   c. When outside members are appointed to a College P&T Committee, every effort should be made to solicit members who have some understanding of the disciplines contained within the college and some familiarity with those discipline’s norms for excellence. The procedures used to place
outside members on the committee must be harmonious with the elected/appointed proportions described in 1.

6. Appeals of the College/School P&T committee decisions are to be made in accordance with the GRU P&T appeals procedures.

Departmental P&T Committees
The policies and procedures (i.e., term limits, quorum rules, membership, voting procedures, etc.) of Departmental P&T Committee shall be established by each academic department. These policies and procedures must be approved by the College Dean and the University Provost, published in the institutional policy library and be readily available to faculty, and be reviewed at least every 3 years.

1. The promotion and tenure (P&T) process begins with a department P&T committee recommendation. Each department in departmentalized colleges will establish a standing Departmental P&T committee. This committee must be comprised of a minimum of three members of the department who hold full-time faculty appointments at the rank of Associate Professor or higher. In the event that a department does not have three eligible members, qualifying faculty from other departments in the college must be appointed to the department committee by the department chair or his/her designee.

2. Tenure recommendations shall be made by a minimum of three tenured members of the Department P&T Committee. In the event that a department does not have three eligible members, qualifying faculty from other departments in the college must be appointed to the Department P&T Committee by the department chair or his/her designee.

3. When outside members are elected/appointed to a Department P&T Committee, every effort should be made to solicit members who have some understanding of the disciplines contained within the department and some familiarity with those discipline’s norms for excellence.

4. Quorum rules and majority vote percentage standards will be established by the department.

5. Appeals of Department P&T Committee decisions are to be made in accordance with the GRU P&T appeals procedures.

Exceptions to these policies

1. In the case of administrators (Chairs and above) being considered for promotion and/or tenure, the individual’s superior will appoint a 3-person committee to review the portfolio and make a recommendation. This committee serves in place of the departmental committee. The 3 individuals will have the same or higher rank and tenure status for which the candidate is being considered. The candidate will be reviewed in the areas of scholarship, teaching and service. The recommendation is made to the college P&T Committee.
Pre-Tenure Review

Review Timing
Annually by August 1st, the Office of Faculty Affairs will provide each Dean a list of faculty who are not yet tenured and have completed their third year on tenure track. The (college or academic unit) will provide a comprehensive pre-tenure review of each faculty member on this list. This review shall be completed prior to January of the faculty member’s 4th year of non-tenured service. Similarly, a mid-course review shall be conducted in those cases in which the candidate has been hired with prior credit. Assuming that a tenure review normally occurs in the 6th year of service, this mid-course review will occur in the year that divides the difference between the years of credited service and year 6 in half (e.g., a person hired with 2 years credit would undergo this review during the second year of institutional service). The purpose of the review shall be to provide the faculty member with a clear understanding of those areas that might need attention if the candidate is to continue his or her progress toward successfully achieving tenure.

Review Process
This review will be conducted by a committee of at least three tenured faculty members from the candidate’s department or academic unit. If an insufficient number of tenured faculty members exist within the unit, tenured faculty from a related field may serve on the committee; however, the candidate must consent to the appropriateness of the appointments. This may be, at the department’s discretion, the departmental P&T Committee.

Basis of Review
The committee shall review the candidate’s progress toward the completion of the requirements of tenure as outlined in the Policy Library. The approved department and college criteria utilized for tenure shall be used for these reviews. The content and format used for the pre-tenure portfolio document should be similar to that specified by GRU for promotion and tenure. However, the candidate will not be required to provide internal or external letters of support. The review process and subsequent pre-tenure review document development must be completed and submitted in accordance with the approved Promotion and Tenure calendar.

In reviewing the above materials the committee is to examine the accomplishments of the candidate and provide constructive assistance to the tenure-track faculty member seeking tenure. The committee should note the accomplishments of the candidate, but should also detail areas of weakness that the candidate should address as well as any change in the orientation or activities that might aid the candidate in meeting the requirements for tenure. The committee will write a report summarizing its recommendations for improvement. The written report of recommendations should also remind the candidate that the committee’s comments are intended as an aid to achieve tenure, but that the successful satisfaction of the committee’s recommendations will not alone guarantee a positive tenure review.

Reporting and Follow-Up
Upon completion of the review the committee shall produce a written summary of its recommendations, a copy of which shall be delivered to the candidate and the candidate’s chair or unit head. The candidate and chair or unit head will review the report together. This document should also be submitted to the Dean of the College of primary appointment, or responsible administrator to whom the academic unit reports, for consideration and approval. Each school or academic unit will submit to the Office of Provost a copy of the approved review document and advancement plan signed by the faculty and reviewing administrators (department chair, dean or equivalents). The Provost will review with the Deans or responsible administrators faculty members that are not achieving suitable progress towards tenure.
Post-Tenure Review

All units are required to conduct a periodic, regularly scheduled review of tenured faculty to provide ongoing assessment of teaching, scholarly achievement, and service activities of the individuals after they have been granted tenure. A Post-Tenure Development Plan (PTDP) will be developed if any performance areas are found to be deficient. Review will reside in the college. Each college within the university will develop and implement such a review process according to its organizational structure but consistent with the policies and procedures of Georgia Health Sciences University and the Board of Regents.

The review process for an individual shall be conducted five years after the most recent promotion or personnel action, and reviews shall continue at five-year intervals unless interrupted by a further review for promotion. It shall be completed no later than the end of that academic year. If an individual is on leave at the time of review, he/she will be reviewed during the first academic year after his/her return.

1. All tenured faculty members will be reviewed with the following exception: tenured faculty members with a primary administrative appointment (greater than 50% time commitment) at the level of Assistant Dean and above will not be subject to post-tenure review. If such an individual leaves that administrative position and returns to a primary academic position, he/she will then become subject to post-tenure review according to the guidelines within his/her college. The first review will occur at the end of three years of service in the primary academic appointment.

2. Review will be conducted by at least three tenured faculty members, all or a majority of those who are in the college of the individual being reviewed. A representative of the individual’s department may be included as a non-voting member of the review committee.

3. The review will encompass teaching, research/scholarly achievement, and service. It will be based upon the faculty member’s current job description, faculty evaluations and post-tenure review portfolio. Documentation required will be the post-tenure review portfolio, the other above named reports/forms as appropriate for the last five years, and a Curriculum Vitae consistent with GRU format. The portfolio should include evidence of scholarship, teaching and service consistent with chair-assigned effort. It should be noted that competence in all three areas is expected as is excellence in the areas of primary activity. Lack of activity in an area for three years shall be deemed unsatisfactory.

4. Results and recommendations of the review committee will be communicated in writing to both the individual faculty member and the Department Chair. The Chair and the committee will come to an agreement on the content of the review. If they cannot come to an agreement, the Dean will be consulted.

5. The Chair will then review the findings with the individual faculty member. The individual faculty member will be provided with a written copy of the report at least five working days prior to the meeting. The faculty member and the Chair will sign the document after review. The faculty member, if he/she desires, may prepare a written response. The Chair will then transmit the report and any response to the Dean of the school. In the case of reviews of Department Chairs the results will be communicated directly to the Dean. After review by the Dean, the report and any response will be communicated to the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs & Provost with a recommendation for further action or no further action.
In instances where areas of deficiency are noted and further action is required, the Chair is responsible, in consultation with the faculty member and Dean, for establishing a Post-Tenure Development Plan (PTDP) directly related to the findings of the post-tenure review and identifying appropriate resources for completion of the PTDP. If a PTDP is required for a Chair, it will be developed by the Dean in consultation with the Chair. The PTDP shall be included with the report and forwarded to the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs & Provost.

The Post-Tenure Development Plan (PTDP) will:

1. specify goals or outcomes that are required for the faculty member to overcome identified deficiencies;
2. outline specific activities that will be undertaken to achieve the goals or outcomes;
3. set appropriate times within which the goals or outcomes will be accomplished (which should not exceed three years);
4. indicate the criteria by which progress will be monitored; and
5. include a plan to monitor progress and reassess the plan annually as part of the faculty member’s annual evaluation.

The Dean will be responsible for financial arrangements associated with the PTDP. If the nature or scope of the PTDP is such that the individual cannot carry out other duties, the Chair and the Dean shall make other arrangements for these duties to be completed.

At the end of the PTDP the individual shall be reviewed by a three-member review committee. If possible, the committee should have the same members who completed the original review. Results of the review will be communicated in writing to the Department Chair. The Chair and the committee will come to an agreement on the content of the review. If they cannot come to an agreement, the Dean will be consulted.

1. Upon satisfactory completion of the PTDP the individual shall continue with five-year reviews, such time commencing with the next academic year after completion of the program.
2. If completion of the PTDP is deemed unsatisfactory by the review committee, the Chairperson, and the Dean, this decision with a recommendation from the Chairperson and the Dean will be referred to the President for further action.

All records of reviews will be retained by the Dean’s office. At the end of each academic year the college must forward to the office of the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs & Provost the names of the faculty members reviewed that year, the results, and the names of each member of the review committees.

A faculty member who disagrees with the results of a post-tenure review, a PTDP, or any subsequent actions resulting from the review process has the right to appeal, as outlined below.
Evaluation/Review Appeals

Individual faculty member(s) shall have an avenue for appeal of decisions made from annual review or post-tenure review, or for disagreement with a PTDP or any subsequent actions resulting from the evaluation process.

1. Decisions by an administrative head, Department Chairperson, or review committee may be appealed to the Dean within 10 days of written notification of a decision, action, or finalization of a PTDP.

2. Decisions by the Dean may be appealed to the President within 10 days of written notification from the Dean. The President shall refer the appeal to an ad hoc Appeals Committee composed of the Chairman of the FADPT Subcommittee of the Faculty Senate and four corps of instruction members to be named by the President, two of whom must be members of the Faculty Senate, one of whom must be from the College of the appellant, and in the case of post-tenure review appeals, three of whom shall hold tenure. The appellant has the right to strike for cause one member of the ad hoc Appeals Committee. The President shall inform the Dean and the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs & Provost that an appeal has been submitted and is under review. The findings and recommendations of the Appeals Committee shall be made to the President. The appellant will be notified of the President’s decision with copies to the Dean and Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs & Provost.

3. Decisions by the President may be appealed in writing to the Board of Regents within 20 days of notification of the President’s action.

Procedures for appeal at each level shall be available through the department and through the Dean’s office.
Promotion Appeals

I. The individual faculty member shall have an avenue for appeal of recommended decisions at each level of the promotion review process within 10 business days from the date of communication of the decision to the candidate. The appeal should be made in writing to the appropriate individual in the next level of the appeal process (See Promotion Appeal Process document). The letter of appeal must contain the rationale for appealing the decision.

Notification of the recommended decision made by the appellate body will be made electronically as well as in written form. The letter of notification must include the rationale for the decision.

a. Recommendations by the departmental review committee or the Department Chairperson may be appealed to the Dean through the college's established channel for appeal. For the library faculty members appeals may be made to the Director of the Library through the library’s established channel for appeal.

b. Decisions by the Dean/Library Director may be appealed to the Provost within 10 business days of the written notification of the decision. The Provost shall refer the appeal to an ad hoc Appeals Committee composed of the Chairman of the University Promotion and Tenure Committee and four additional members to be named by the Provost, two of whom must have served on the University Faculty Senate. The committee members must be at the rank the candidate is being consider for promotion to or higher. The appellant has the right to strike for cause one member of the ad hoc Appeals Committee. The Provost shall inform the Dean that an appeal has been submitted and is under review. The findings and recommendations of the Appeals Committee shall be made to the Provost. The Provost makes a recommendation to the President who makes the final decision for the GRU. The appellant will be notified of the President's decision with copies to the Dean and Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost.

c. Recommendations to the President may be appealed in writing to the Board of Regents within 20 business days of notification of the President's action.

II. The procedures for appeal at each level shall be available through the department and through the Dean's office. The appeal decision must be returned to the recommending body.
Tenure Appeals

I. The individual faculty member shall have an avenue for appeal of recommended decisions at each level of the promotion review process within 10 business days from the date of communication of the decision to the candidate. The appeal should be made in writing to the appropriate individual in the next level of the appeal process (See Tenure Appeal Process document). The letter of appeal must contain the rationale for appealing the decision.

Notification of the recommended decision made by the appellate body will be made electronically as well as in written form. The letter of notification must include the rationale for the decision.

a. Recommendations by the departmental review committee or the Department Chairperson may be appealed to the Dean through the college's established channel for appeal. For the library faculty members appeals may be made to the Director of the Library through the library’s established channel for appeal.

b. Decisions by the Dean/Library Director may be appealed to the Provost within 10 business days of the written notification of the decision. The Provost shall refer the appeal to an ad hoc Appeals Committee composed of the Chairman of the University Promotion and Tenure Committee and four additional members to be named by the Provost, two of whom must have served on the University Faculty Senate and all of whom shall hold tenure. The committee members must be at the rank the candidate is being consider for promotion to or higher. The appellant has the right to strike for cause one member of the ad hoc Appeals Committee. The Provost shall inform the Dean that an appeal has been submitted and is under review. The findings and recommendations of the Appeals Committee shall be made to the Provost. The Provost makes a recommendation to the President who makes the final decision for the GRU. The appellant will be notified of the President's decision with copies to the Dean and Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost.

c. Recommendations to the President may be appealed in writing to the Board of Regents within 20 days of notification of the President's action.

II. The procedures for appeal at each level shall be available through the department and through the Dean's office. The appeal decision must be returned to the recommending body.
Portfolio Guidelines

These guidelines detail the portfolio format and contents that must accompany the request for promotion/tenure as it moves through the approval process. Departments may require or request additional information to help them make their decisions, but these materials should remain at the department level.

1. Required Organization and Format of Portfolio.

The applicant will prepare the document electronically. The portfolio shall be organized as follows. The details of the following list of items are described in section B below.

1. Application form(s)
2. Curriculum Vitae
3. Letters of Recommendation (according to College P&T guidelines)
4. Annual Performance Evaluation Forms provided by Human Resources (summary page(s) since the time of last review or promotion)
5. Statement of Scholarship (maximum one single-spaced page)
6. Achievement of Scholarship Summary (since the time of last review or promotion)
7. Statement of Teaching (maximum one single-spaced page)
8. Achievement in Teaching Summary (since the time of last review or promotion)
9. Statement of Service (maximum one single-spaced page)
10. Achievement in Service Summary (since the time of last review or promotion)
11. Appendix A – Department P&T committee(s), chair, college P&T committee, and dean letters

No other material shall be included in the portfolio.

B. Details of the Portfolio.

A. Application form(s). A candidate for promotion and tenure should complete separate forms. Signatures are required on the form. The forms may be downloaded at [include link]

B. Curriculum Vitae. The candidate should include a CV in the prescribed format. [include link]

C. Letters of Recommendation (according to College P&T guidelines)

It is expected that candidates for promotion to Assistant Professor and above and the award of tenure will have external letters of recommendation. The candidate may recommend colleagues with national or international standing from other institutions that have sufficient knowledge of his or her work. The recommendations are given to the college P&T Committee Chair who will solicit the letters. The following table describes the number of external letters of recommendation required for each rank and tenure.
Rank Being Promoted to | College Minimum Number of External Letters
--- | ---
Assistant Professor | 3
Associate Professor | 4
Professor | 5
Tenure | 5

D. **Annual Performance Evaluation Form provided by Human Resources (summary page(s) since the time of last review or promotion)**

E. **Statement of Scholarship (maximum 1 single-spaced page Calibri 12 point)**

This narrative will highlight the significance of the candidate’s scholarship, including publications, presentations and other examples of scholarship. The candidate should explain how his or her scholarship contributes to regional, national or international prominence, appropriate to rank.

F. **Achievement of Scholarship Summary (since the time of last review or promotion).**

The candidate should present the information that best supports their candidacy based on expectations of their discipline. This information should be presented in the most concise manner possible using lists, tables, and diagrams. The following are examples that can be included:

a. faculty member’s publications that explicitly designates peer-reviewed material from other publications including the Scholarship of Teaching and Learning, and the Scholarship of Engagement, and any evidence consistent with USG 4.7.2: The Scholarship of Discovery.

b. creative endeavors and activities including art exhibitions, professional poetry recitals, theatrical, dance, or music performances, etc.

c. all *funded* research activities.

d. all grants, fellowships, and scholarships, as appropriate to the discipline, with funding amounts.

e. invited seminars and presentations.

f. refereed conference presentations.

g. up to 10 of the candidate’s most significant publications and/or creative endeavors since the time of appointment or the last promotion may be included. This does not imply that every publication/endeavor is of equal intellectual merit. The candidate should define and make the case for what is significant.

G. **Statement of Teaching (maximum one single-spaced page Calibri 12 point).**

This narrative will highlight the candidate’s teaching philosophy, methods and procedures and how these contribute to student learning. This narrative should also highlight the candidate’s contributions in student advising and mentoring.
H. **Achievement in Teaching Summary (since the time of last review or promotion).**

The candidate should present the information that best supports their candidacy based on expectations of their discipline. This information should be presented in the most concise manner possible using lists, tables, and diagrams. The following are examples that can be included:

a. Please include the summary sheets of faculty and course evaluations for the past 5 years. (required)

b. Evidence of peer review, including letters from peers that have observed the candidate teaching. (required)

c. If advising graduate student projects or residents include communications from up to 5 residents, graduate students, advisees, etc. that address the quality of the supervision that the student received.

d. A list of examples of student achievements such as projects, awards, honors theses, publications, presentations, time to degree for graduate students.

e. List of course and program development activities.

f. Evidence that the candidate assesses whether or not s/he has been successful in increasing student learning outcomes.

g. An annotated list of pedagogical literature and instructional development sessions that have influenced the faculty member’s teaching and how the faculty member has addressed this information in planning his/her classes and instructional strategies.

I. **Statement of Service (maximum one single-spaced page Calibri 12 point).**

The candidate will highlight his or her service to the profession, his or her department, college, GRU, and/or USG.

J. **Achievement in Service Summary (since the time of last review or promotion).**

The candidate should present the information that best supports their candidacy. This information should be presented in the most concise manner possible using lists, tables, and diagrams. The following are examples that can be included:

a. International, national, or regional professional committees, including any offices held

b. USG, GRU, college, and department committees, organized by level

c. Evidence that the faculty member links his or her work in some way to public contemporary issues and/or to improving quality of life

d. Evidence that the faculty member, either through scholarly work and/or service, applies knowledge toward solutions to complex societal problems and human needs

e. Evidence that the faculty member contributes to the continuous improvement of public higher education

f. Evidence that the faculty member contributes in some way to the public good
g. Evidence that the faculty member has served his or her profession through professional organizations and/or other professionally oriented entities

h. Evidence that the faculty member has participated in clinical patient care, when appropriate

Appendix A – Department P&T committee(s), chair, college P&T committee, and dean letters