Rapid Review

Important Points to Remember:

- Blood Culture Competency: https://augusta university.box.c om/s/2z25gye8 3fsglk44p5wplz 1mnj6rpvbp
- A waste sample should be collected prior to collecting a peripheral blood culture specimen.
- Performing an initial waste prior to the culture collection helps to decrease skin contamination risk.

Wasting Before a Peripheral Blood Culture Sample Collection for Adults Only

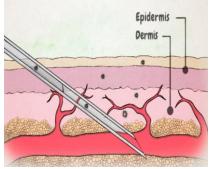
RATIONALE: To ensure a waste is performed prior to a peripheral blood culture sample collection to reduce contamination rates and false positive results.

When performing a peripheral stick for blood culture collection, the first 2 mLs of blood should be collected in a waste vial or syringe THEN discarded.

Why is this important?

- Skin plugs/fragments will enter the culture specimen bottle and potentially contain microorganisms.
- Skin contamination increases the risk of blood culture contamination leading to false positives prompting unnecessary antimicrobial use, increase length of stay, and a false central line infection.
- At least 1.4 million contaminated blood culture events happen annually in the US causing \$6 billion in avoidable costs to the U.S. healthcare system.







https://www.aha.org/system/files/media/file/2021/08/AHA_Team_Training_Sponsored_Webinar_Slides_Aug_2021.pdf



Distribution: Adult AUMC Staff Effective Date: Ongoing Approved by: Infection Prevention